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ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE

IN THE

PROVINCE OF COORG

for the year 1894,

BY

BROOKE C. LEGGATT, Esq.,

District Magistrate of Coorg,

WITH REVIEW BY

W. MACKWORTH YOUNG Esq., C. S, I.,

Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

Price 12 Annas.

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Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, (Judicial),—No. 1679—70-95, dated Bangalore, the 7th October 1895.

READ—

Letter No 93—56, dated the 14th May 1895 from the Commissioner of Coorg, submitting the report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in Coorg for the year 1894

ORDER.—No. 1679—70-95, DATED BANGALORE, THE 7TH OCTOBER 1895.

The total number of offences reported during the year was 4,098 which was higher by 778 than the average of the preceding five years and by 725 than the number reported in 1893.

This increase is due mainly to a larger number than usual of offences under Act XIII of 1859, *viz.*

1,777 in 1894.
1,073 in 1893.
1,224 the average of the five years ending 1893.

Of the total number of cases reported, 321 were dismissed by Magistrates without issue of processes, 2,853 were returned as true and 931 cases under the Breach of Contract Act were not brought to trial. The number of cases brought to trial, including the 107 pending from the previous year, was therefore 2,960 which is over 200 in excess of the figures for any of the previous five years.

In these cases 5,330 persons were involved and they were disposed of in the following manner:—

2,119 were acquitted or discharged without going into the merits of the case.
1,640 were acquitted or discharged after evidence had been recorded.
1,023 were convicted.
290 were referred or sent up for higher punishment.
7 were committed to the Sessions.
22 died, escaped or were transferred, and
229 awaited trial at the end of the year.

Of the persons acquitted or discharged, 56 per cent were so disposed of under Sections 247, 248, 259 and 345 of the Code of Criminal Procedure *i. e.*, owing either to the absence of the complainant or to the complaint being withdrawn or the offence compounded. For this reason the percentage of acquittals to cases brought to trial has reached the very high figure of 78. While it is possible that in some of the cases in which 2,119 persons were acquitted or discharged under the Sections of the Criminal Procedure Code just mentioned, the charge was not altogether unfounded, yet it is probable that a judicious exercise by the Magistrates of the powers conferred on them by Sections 202 and 203 of the Code especially the latter might have saved the accused in a good many cases from being arrested or summoned. The fact that nearly 40 per cent of the accused were acquitted or discharged because the complainants either did not choose to appear or preferred to withdraw the charge or compound the case shows that more sifting of the complaints was needed in the first instance.

The percentages of convictions to cases reported and to cases brought to trial have always been low in Coorg (the averages for the past five years are 21 and 27 respectively) but this year they have fallen to 16 and 22.

Eliminating from the total number of cases reported those under the Breach of Contract Act, there were 2,321 cases during the year against 2,300 in 1893. Of these 2,007 involving 3,905 persons were returned as true. Only 811

persons were convicted and it is noticed from judicial statement No. II that no less than 15 persons escaped. The circumstances under which these escapes occurred should be reported. A perusal of the reports since 1889 shows that these events are of annual occurrence.

The increase in the number of offences under the Breach of Contract Act has already been mentioned. The opinion of the Commissioner as to the cause of this increase is probably correct though the Chief Commissioner notices from the Public Works report for 1894 that that department owing to a somewhat reduced grant had to turn away labour. At the same time, the Chief Commissioner is not sure that the coolies, who work at the coffee plantations and who figure prominently in these breach of contract cases come from the same parts or are of the same classes as those employed by the Public Works Department in Coorg.

It is satisfactory to note that witnesses were not unnecessarily detained, that the duration of trials fell from 12·5 to 11 days and that there was an improvement in the recovery of fines. The financial results were satisfactory. The net surplus was however Rs. 15,245—12—1, and not as stated by the Commissioner in paragraph 10 of his forwarding letter. With reference to the tabular statement at paragraph 59 of the District Magistrate's report, the Chief Commissioner is aware that there has been an increase in the number of cases tried by Magistrates, more especially by the District Magistrate, but at the same time he notices that of the 299 cases disposed of by the District Magistrate, more than half were under Act XIII of 1859—cases which are not generally either lengthy or difficult—Again only 4 cases were heard summarily. If this mode of trial be more extensively adopted in the future, a good deal of the District Magistrate's time will be saved.

The mismanagement and misconduct of the police, referred to in paragraph 13 of the Commissioner's covering letter, had not before been brought to the Chief Commissioner's notice. It is understood that, in his judgment in the case in question, the Sessions Judge expressed the opinion that the police had beaten the accused and generally mismanaged the case, thus causing a regrettable failure of justice. The Commissioner should report what action was taken by the District Magistrate with reference to these remarks.

The report consists mainly of recapitulations of statistics shown in statements. Recapitulations of this kind do not add to the information supplied, and should be avoided in future. What is required is a commentary upon the statistics, explaining important increases or decreases in crime and any abnormal facts, such as those noticed in this review. The District Magistrate mentions having inspected the records and registers of the Subordinate courts and having given necessary instructions to the Magistrates on the errors detected. In the course of these inspections he has no doubt formed some opinion as to the reasons for the abnormally low rate of convictions in Coorg, and it would have been satisfactory had he given them. The Chief Commissioner wishes him to pay special attention to this subject during the current year, and to notice in next year's report whether Subordinate Magistrates sufficiently avail themselves of the provisions of Section 203 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and whether it is their practice to examine the complainant, in cases where a complaint is made, before issuing processes. The Chief Commissioner wishes to insist upon this method of testing complaints. It seems more than probable in view of the large number of withdrawals that the provisions of Section 560 (which should be substituted for the repealed Section 250 quoted in the first column of judicial statement III) ought to be more freely used. The Chief Commissioner does not understand the entry in column 4 of this statement of 9 persons discharged. It would appear that in order to avail themselves of Section 560, Magistrates institute a formal proceeding, and record a separate finding, discharging or convicting the persons accused thereunder of bringing frivolous or vexatious complaints. If so, this procedure should be abandoned, and the provisions of the

section followed. It is true that the Magistrate must record and consider any objection which the complainant may urge but the reasons for awarding compensation as well as the award itself, are to be stated in the order of discharge or acquittal of the original case and not in a separate proceeding. The manner in which Section 560, Criminal Procedure Code, is worked in the courts, should also be specially noticed in next year's report.

JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

There were six appeals affecting six persons preferred to the Judicial Commissioner's Court during the year, in two of which the Sessions Judge submitted under Section 374 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, his proceedings for confirmation of capital sentence. In the first case, the sentence was commuted to one of transportation for life, and in the second, the sentence was confirmed. Of the remaining four cases, one was withdrawn, the sentences in two were confirmed and the last appeal was left pending at the close of the year. It has however, since been disposed of.

There were sixteen revision cases and applications affecting 36 persons; all these were decided with the exception of one case which was pending at the end of the year, but has since been disposed of. In the case of two persons, the sentences passed by the Subordinate Magistrates were enhanced by the Judicial Commissioner.

K. D. ERSKINE, CAPTAIN,

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

To—The Judicial Commissioner of Coorg.

" Commissioner and Sessions Judge of Coorg.

No. 93—56, dated Mercara, the 14th May 1895.

From—G F. Meiklejohn, Esq., Commissioner of Coorg

To—The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Bangalore.

I have the honour to forward the annual report on criminal justice in the Province of Coorg (with its appendices) for the year 1894 received from the District Magistrate on the 12th instant.

2. There were 4,098 offences reported in 1894 against 3,373 offences in 1893. Of the 4,098 however, no fewer than 1,777 were offences under Act XIII of 1859 which, as Sir D. Fitzpatrick remarked in his review of the annual report on the administration of criminal justice in Coorg in 1886, 'though of a quasi-criminal character afford no test or indication of the amount of crime in the District.'

3. Leaving aside cases under the Breach of Contract Act, the number of offences reported came to about the same as in previous years the figure being 2,321 for 1894 against 2,300 in 1893.

4. Of these cases there were 2,007 involving 3,905 persons returned as true. Of these 2,843 were acquitted or discharged and only 811 convicted.

5. Out of 789 persons charged with criminal force and assault, 658 were acquitted or discharged, and out of 1,070 persons charged with criminal intimidation, 920 were acquitted or discharged. Under mischief also 290 persons were charged and 246 were acquitted. These figures are not satisfactory, but it seems impossible for the Magistracy to check the tendency of people in Coorg, to rush into court over any grievance, however small or petty, or even purely imaginary.

Last year on his review of the report on criminal justice the Chief Commissioner remarked that this tendency to rush into Criminal Courts might be checked by a judicious exercise of the powers conferred by section 560 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and I notice that 12 persons have in the year under report been ordered to pay compensation for bringing frivolous and vexatious complaints, against 20 in the previous year. I think, however, considering the figures as to acquittals and discharges above given, the Magistracy might have with advantage still more freely used the powers they have under this section. Probably also, as was remarked by Sir Denis Fitzpatrick 8 years ago, when out of 407 persons tried for criminal intimidation, insult, and annoyance, 301 were acquitted or discharged (the figures under the same head now are 1,070 complained against and 920 acquitted or discharged) there has been a failure on the part of the Magistrates to discriminate at first starting between genuine and unfounded complaints.

6. It is satisfactory to note that no fewer than 3,277 persons or 65 per cent of the total of offenders during the year were only charged for the minor offences of assault, criminal intimidation, mischief and breach of contract. There was, however, a regrettable increase in the serious crime of "robbery and dacoity" there having been 14 cases returned as true under this head against 7 in the previous year. Convictions however, were obtained against 23 persons in 1894 as against 5 only in 1893. Under 'theft' the District Magistrate also shows a large increase, but that is only in the number of cases *reported*, the number of cases reported *as true* are nearly the same, 219 to 217, while convictions have been secured against 155 persons instead of against 137.

7. The District Magistrate does not attempt to account for the extraordinary rise in the number of persons charged under the Breach of Contract Act, from 1,073 in 1893 to 1,777 in 1894. From what I can gather the last two prosperous years in Mysore have a good deal to do with the increase in this offence. Coolies have taken advances and promised to come, but when they returned to their own country, they have found, owing to the good years, cheap food and probably also work close at hand, owing to the opening of new land, they therefore are not compelled by want to come to the plantations and conveniently forget about the advances paid them, until reminded by a warrant. In years when there is a bad harvest they come back willingly.

8. As regards the working of the courts, the report is fairly satisfactory. The duration of criminal trials fell from 12·5 days to 11, out of 6,352 witnesses

summoned, 6,026 were discharged after one day, and the fines inflicted have been reasonable and fairly well recovered, as out of Rs. 8,859—12—9 rupees 7,296—8—4 (exclusive of recoveries for previous years) or 82 per cent of the amount imposed have been realized.

9. The number of appeals disposed of was 104 against only 78 last year. In the Sessions Court, the number of cases in which the judgments of the lower courts were reversed was large, being 6 or nearly 25 per cent of the appeals preferred.

10. The financial results are satisfactory. The receipts rose to Rs. 88,741 but the expenditure also rose from Rs. 69,977—4—8 to Rs. 73,495—15—4, the net surplus was therefore much the same as in previous year. Rs. 14,245-12-1 for 1894 against Rs. 14,035—8—9. The cause of the increased expenditure was chiefly increase of pay of officers and exchange compensation.

11. As was observed in last year's report this cost is misleading as in it is included the whole pay of the Commissioner, Assistant Commissioner, Soubedars and Parpattigars, whose duties are not by any means confined to criminal justice.

12. As regards the remark of the District Magistrate that the work in his Court has been increasing year by year, it is certainly true, but I have tried to relieve him as much as possible of late by giving him, though he is also 1st Assistant Commissioner, little or no revenue work and I think only one civil suit to try in the whole year.

13. I append below the prescribed tabular statement of the work of the Sessions Court during the year under report :—

Name of Judge.	Pending from last year.		Brought to trial.		Total.		Number acquitted.		Convicted.		Pending.		Average duration.	Number of cases in which Judge agreed with assessors.	Number of cases in which Judge disagreed with assessors.
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.			
G. F. Meiklejohn Esq., ...	...	...	4	7	4	7	1	4	3	3	...	...	46 days	3	

The increase in average duration from 10 to 46 days was solely caused by the Sessions being held last year every two months instead of every month as in 1893. All the cases were disposed of at the Sessions to which they were committed. None had to be adjourned to another Sessions. The murder case in which 4 persons were acquitted, was one of the unfortunate cases in which, it is to be feared, really guilty individuals escaped through the mismanagement of the Police. Some of the accused bearing such evident marks of ill-treatment when in police custody that it was impossible to rely on their confessions.

14. The punishments inflicted by the Sessions Court were :—

Name of Judge.	Death.	Transportation.		Persons sentenced to—							Amount of fine imposed.			Amount realised.			Compensation.	
		For life.	For terms.	Imprisonment.			Fine.		Whipping.								Ordered.	Paid.
				With solitary confinement.	Without solitary confinement.	Simple.	With imprisonment.	Without imprisonment.	In addition to other punishments.	In lieu of other punishments.								
G.F.Meiklejohn Esq.	*2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Of this 1 was commuted to transportation for life on appeal to Judicial Commissioner's Court.

PUBLISHED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL * FOR *

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

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for the year 1894

BY

BROOKE C. LEGGATT, Esq.,

District Magistrate of Coorg,

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No. 90—24, dated 11th May 1895.

———:o:———

I have the honour to submit the annual report on the administration of criminal justice in the Province of Coorg for the year 1894.

2. During the year under report, the total receipts of the courts amounted to Rs. 88,741—11—5, as against Rs. 84,012—13—5 in 1893. The total charges of the courts also rose from Rs. 69,977—4—8 in 1893 to Rs. 73,495-15-4 in 1894.

3. The sources of receipts for the years 1893 and 1894 are shown below :—

Sources of receipts.	1894.			1893.		
Value of court fee stamps and stamped papers	80,626	1	0	73,784	1	0
Stamp penalty	795	0	0	1,040	0	0
Duty on unstamped papers	53	8	0	115	14	0
Duty on insufficiently stamped papers	46	4	0	185	9	0
Sale of unclaimed property	541	6	9	602	2	2
Recoveries of costs in suits by paupers	81	4	0	186	12	0
Miscellaneous fines and forfeitures	1,668	6	3	397	6	0
Criminal fines	7,064	15	5	8,848	4	2
Total.....	90,876	13	5	85,160	0	4
Deduct commission on the sale of court fee stamps and stamped papers	2,135	2	0	1,147	2	11
Net Receipts.....	88,741	11	5	84,012	13	5

4. The following statement shows the number of offences reported, the number returned as true, the number of cases brought to trial, and persons acquitted and convicted as compared with the results of the previous year :—

Year.	Number of offences reported.	Cases dismissed without issue of processes.	Number of cases returned as true.	Pending from last year.		Number brought to trial.		Total.		Number acquitted or discharged.		Number convicted.		Pending.		Ratio of offences to population.
				Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	
1893 ...	3,373	343	2,591	114	220	2,591	4,739	2,705	4,959	1,929	3,755	657	971	107	211	1·9
1894 ...	4,098	321	2,853	107	211	2,853	4,822	2,960	5,033	2,169	3,759	669	1,023	104	229	2·5
Increase ...	725		262	..	..	262	83	255	74	240	4	12	52	...	18	...
Decrease ...	..	22	...	7	9	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	3	...	...

N. B.—Eighteen cases involving 22 persons who died or escaped, are not included in the above statement.

5. There was a large increase in the number of offences reporte duringd the year 1894. The following figures exhibit the number of offences reported during the past 5 years

Year.	No.
1890	3,396
1891	3,184
1892	3,027
1893	3,373
1894	4,098

6. There is a marked increase in the following classes of offences :—

	1893.	1894.
False evidence and offences against public justice	29	43
Offences relating to coin and government stamps	..	4
Offences affecting public health &c., Chapter XIV I. P. Code	15	19
Criminal force and assault	352	404
Theft	355	394
Extortion	4	5
Robbery and Dacoity	7	16
Criminal breach of trust	87	97
Rape	1	2
Unnatural offence	..	2
Mischief	188	189
Offences under Chapter XVIII I. P. Code	6	7
Do do XX do	12	17
Offences under Act XIII of 1880	11	13
Do VIII of 1878	15	23
Do XI of 1878	2	14
Do XIII of 1859	1,073	1,777

7. The following table shows the classes of offences in which there was a decrease in 1894.

	1893.	1894.
Offences under Chapter VIII I. P. Code	16	11
Do X do	29	15
Do XIII do	34	13
Offences affecting life	8	7
Causing miscarriage &c.	2	1
Hurt	103	98
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	55	48
Criminal misappropriation of property	18	12
Receiving stolen property	24	10
Cheating	22	13
Criminal trespass	76	71
Defamation	13	5
Criminal intimidation &c., Chapter XXII I. P. Code	617	593
Offences under Police Act V of 1861	70	69
Do Excise Act XXII of 1881	43	22
Do Forest Act VII of 1878	19	17
Do Stamp Act I of 1879	3	2
Do Municipal Bye-Laws	16	11

8. The number of cases dismissed by the Magistrates without issue of processes, was 321 in 1894, as against 343 in 1893.

9. The number of cases returned as true rose from 2,591 in 1893 to 2,853 in 1894. This does not include 931 cases which were not brought to trial out of 1,777 cases instituted under the Breach of Contract Act, XIII of 1859 during the year.

10. The following table shows the number of offences reported, and the number of cases returned as true, during the past five years:—

	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Number of offences reported ...	3,396	3,184	3,027	3,373	4,098
Number of offences returned as true ..	2,631	2,579	2,322	2,591	2,853

11. During the year under report, 2,960 cases involving 5,033 persons were brought to trial. The following table compares the figures of the past five years.

Year.	Cases.	Persons.
1890	2,741	4,701
1891	2,654	4,515
1892	2,423	4,177
1893	2,705	4,959
1894	2,960	5,033

12. The number of persons acquitted or discharged during the year under report was 3,759 in 2,169 cases as against 3,755 in 1,929 cases in the previous year.

13. The following table exhibits the number of persons who were acquitted or discharged without going into the merits of the cases.

Acquitted under Section 247	Criminal Procedure Code	. .	...	455
Do	248	do	. ...	787
Do	345	do	... ...	588
Discharged under Section 259		do	... ..	289
			Total ...	2,119

14. The number of persons who were acquitted or discharged after recording the evidence adduced was only 1,640.

15. The number of persons convicted during the year under review was 1,023. The following table shows the number of persons convicted during the past five years:—

1890...	1,136
1891...	1,020
1892...	977
1893.	971
1894...	1,023

16. If cases under Act XIII. of 1859 instituted during the year, are eliminated from the returns, the number of offences under all other heads will show an increase of 21 over the corresponding figure for 1893.

17. The percentages of convictions and acquittals to cases reported and to cases brought to trial during the past five years, are compared below:—

	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
1. Convictions to cases reported ..	22	22	22	19	16
2. do brought to trial	27	27	27	24	22
3. Acquittals to cases reported ..	56	57	53	57	51
4. do brought to trial	69	68	67	71	78

18. There has been a marked decrease in the percentage of convictions as well as in the percentage of acquittals to cases reported. The percentage of acquittals to cases brought to trial rose from 71 in 1893 to 78 in 1894. This result is not satisfactory, but is accounted for in paragraph 13.

19. The following statement shows the classification of offences brought to trial during the year under report :—

Coorg District.	Against the state and public justice.	Against the person.	Against property.	Other offences under the Indian Penal Code.	Offences under special and local laws.	Total.
	1	2	3	4	5	
1893	126	493	572	658	856	2,705
1894	105	550	602	629	1,074	2,960
Increase	...	57	30	..	218	255
Decrease	21	...	...	29	...	...

20. There was a large increase in the number of cases brought to trial during the year under report. The following table shows the figures for the past five years :—

1890	2,741
1891	2,654
1892	2,423
1893 . ..	2,705
1894	2,960

21. There was a decrease of 21 cases in the number of offences against the state and public justice.

22. The number of offences against the person rose from 493 in 1893, to 550 in 1894.

23. Offences against property also show an increase. The number rose from 572 in 1893 to 602 in the year under report.

24. The number of other offences under the Indian Penal Code noted in column 4, shows a slight decrease. The number fell from 658 in 1893 to 629 in 1894.

25. There was a marked increase in the number of offences under special and local laws. The increase was in almost all, noticeably in offences under the Breach of Contract Act No. XIII of 1859. The number rose from 856 in 1893 to 1,074 in 1894.

26. The following is the statement showing the result of convictions of the heinous offences therein described :—

Coorg District.	Giving false evidence.		Offences against Government coins and stamps.		Murder.		Culpable homicide not amounting to murder.		Hurt.		Unnatural offence		Rape.		Theft.		Cattle theft.		Robbery.		Dacoity.		Receiving stolen property.		Forgery.	
	Cases.	Persons convicted	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons convicted.
1893	7	7	...	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	...	..	...	...	71	118	17	19	2	5	...	..	10	14	1	3
1894	23	26	2	12	3	3	...	...	4	7	1	1	...	...	70	127	14	39	3	9	4	14	4	8	3	3
Increase ...	16	19	2	12	1	1	..	...	2	5	1	1	...	..	...	9	...	20	1	4	4	14	...	...	2	...
Decrease ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	..	...	...	...	6	6	...	...

27. *Giving False Evidence*—The number of persons convicted under this head, was 26 as against 7 in the previous year, and 24 in 1892. It is satisfactory to note that the Civil and Criminal Courts took prompt steps to bring the perjurers to justice. In all these cases exemplary punishments were awarded.

28. *Offences relating to Coin and Government Stamps.*—Under this head 12 persons in 2 cases were convicted. In one case, 10 travelling fakirs were found in possession of counterfeit Queen's coins. The accused persons were convicted. Of these 9 were sentenced to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment, and one to 1 year's imprisonment. The Sessions Judge ordered the release of 3 persons, and reduced the sentences passed on the others.

29. *Murder.*—Three persons were convicted for the offence of murder during the year under report.

I. In the first case the accused was a Yerawar (one of a junge tribe) who was working as a cooly on a coffee estate. The accused, by name Koora, ran away with a girl of the some caste, named Chappe, from her father's house. They went to the Farewell estate and worked there as coolies for some days. On the 29th November 1893, the accused murdered the woman he had run away with, and escaped. He was however traced by the Police and arrested about 2 months after the crime, in a village in Wynad. The accused admitted killing the girl, and stated that he committed the offence in a fit of rage on coming suddenly on her, while she was having sexual intercourse with another man. The Sessions Judge found the accused guilty of the offence of murder, and sentenced him to be transported for life.

II. In the second case the accused was a Brahmin named Soobraya. He severely assaulted an elderly Brahmin widow, who was related to him, and who lived in the same house with him. The assault was admitted by the accused, but he pleaded that it was committed under grave and sudden provocation, and that death was due to rupture of a diseased spleen, and was not the consequence of the assault. The accused was convicted of murder and was sentenced to death. On appeal, the Judicial Commissioner of Coorg reduced the sentence to transportation for life.

III. In the third case the accused was a Jama Coorg of Yedavanad in Nanjarajapatna Taluk. The accused, by name Malumane Soobia, gave information to the Police that his brother, who was living with him, was missing. As the brother was missing for a couple of days, the villagers turned out and instituted a search. They found his body in a hole under large stones. On examination it was found that the deceased had been shot, and that his throat had been cut. Suspicion fell on the accused, who subsequently made a full confession. He stated that he committed the offence through jealousy, as he discovered the deceased having illicit intercourse with his wife on several occasions. He also confessed that the murder was pre-meditated. The accused was found guilty of murder, and was sentenced to death.

30. *Hurt.*—There were 4 cases involving 7 persons under this head, as against 2 cases of 2 persons in the previous year.

I. In one case the complainant and the accused were all relatives—members of the same Coorg family. There was a quarrel amongst them on the 12th January 1894 about a Civil Suit, in the course of which one of the parties had taken oath in a temple. During the quarrel a knife was used, and two of the parties were severely stabbed. Out of 6 accused persons, 4 were found guilty and were sentenced by the District Magistrate to suffer rigorous imprisonment for one year. On appeal the Sessions Judge ordered the release of one of them, and upheld the sentence passed on the others.

II. In another case the accused was the uncle of the complainant. On the 1st January 1894, while complainant was working in his fields, he received information that the accused had entered his house and was

breaking the earthern vessels therein. Complainant immediately went to his house, and seeing the broken vessels, asked the accused who was in the house, what he meant by his conduct. Accused abused complainant and proceeded to assault him. Accused had a knife in his hand, and complainant, fearing injury, tried to take the knife from accused. While doing so accused cut complainant in the left hand. The accused was found guilty, and was sentenced to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment under Section 323, Indian Penal Code.

31. *Unnatural Offence.*—During the year under report, one person was convicted for committing an unnatural offence. The accused, one Telugu-banjigara Nanjappa, was found guilty of having committed the offence upon the person of a lad of about 12 years of age, and was sentenced by the District Magistrate to suffer rigorous imprisonment for 7 years.

32. *Rape.*—Under this head, there were no cases which ended in conviction during the year under review.

33. *Ordinary Thefts.*—The number of cases which ended in conviction fell from 71 in 1893 to 70 in 1894. There was however an increase in the number of persons convicted, the number being 127 against 118 in 1893.

34. *Cattle Theft.*—There was a decrease of 3 cases in the number of cattle thefts, which ended in conviction, but the number of persons convicted rose from 19 in 1893 to 39 in 1894.

35. *Robbery.*—Under this head 3 cases, involving 9 persons, ended in conviction, as against 2 cases of 5 men in 1893.

I. In one case 3 accused persons robbed a bag of rice belonging to a cooly while returning home from the market. The accused were found guilty, and were sentenced to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment.

II. In the other case 4 persons were convicted of robbery. In this case the accused assaulted one K. Soobia, a Coorg Planter and a retired Inspector of Police, and took away a silver watch and a chain belonging to him. The accused were sentenced to 9 months' rigorous imprisonment each.

36. *Dacoity.*—Four cases of dacoity involving 14 persons, ended in conviction during the year under report.

I. In one case a Brahmin's house in Nalvathoklu village was forcibly entered on the night of the 2nd March 1894, by a gang of thieves. They seized the Brahmin—the only man in the house—and proceeded to loot the house, taking away in all property of the value of Rs. 1,150. Of the thieves, only four were apprehended. They were all found guilty of having committed the offence of dacoity, and were sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for 4 years.

II. In the second case, a Brahmin's house in Bepunad was entered by another gang of thieves. They did not however succeed in removing property beyond a silver waist band. Only two of the offenders were apprehended. They were found guilty and were sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for three years.

III. The other two were connected cases. 8 persons were convicted for committing the offence of dacoity. The accused and others—all Moplas—committed the offence in the house of a Brahmin named Sreenivasa Iyengar of Kookloor village in Yedenalknad, and removed property of the alleged value of about Rs. 19,000. There is reason to believe that the value of the property taken was greatly exaggerated. The accused were sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for four years each.

37. *Receiving Stolen Property.*—Four cases involving eight persons ended in conviction, as against 10 cases of 14 men in 1893.

38. *Forgery.*—There were three cases of forgery involving three persons, which ended in conviction, as against one case of three persons in the previous year. In all these cases the accused were sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment each.

39. The following statement exhibits the miscellaneous proceedings under the Code of Criminal Procedure during the years 1893 and 1894:—

No.	Nature of Proceedings.	Year.	No. of cases disposed of.	No. of persons discharged.	No. of persons convicted.
1	Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI C. and Section 485	1893	1	1	...
		1894	4	...	4
2	Proceedings under Chapter VIII to prevent breach of the peace...	1893	...	...	...
		1894	7	15	3
3	Do do Security for good behaviour	1893	2	6	...
		1894	1	1	...
4	Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter XI	1893	...	...	...
		1894	...	...	...
5	Possession, Chapter XII	1893	1	1	...
		1894	2	1	4
6	Frivolous or vexatious complaints under Section 560, Criminal Procedure Code	1893	14	6	20
		1894	15	9	12
7	Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chapter XXVIII Section 333	1893	...	...	...
		1894	...	...	...
8	Contempts of Court under Chapter XXXV	1893	...	...	...
		1894	...	...	...
9	Maintenance, Chapter XXXIV	1893	5	5	...
		1894	6	3	3
10	Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII ...	1893	...	...	...
		1894	27	...	27

40. *Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI.*—There were 4 cases involving 4 persons under this head, as against 1 case of 1 person in the previous year. The persons concerned were all convicted.

41. *Proceedings under Chapter VIII to prevent breach of the peace.*—Seven cases involving eighteen persons were disposed of. Only three persons were convicted and the rest discharged.

42. *Security for good behaviour.*—One case involving one person was disposed of, against 2 cases of 6 men in the previous year. The person concerned was discharged.

43. *Possession under Chapter XII.*—Under this head there were two cases involving five persons. Four persons concerned were convicted, and one was discharged

44. *Frivolous or vexatious complaints.*—The number of cases disposed of under this head was 15, as against 14 in the previous year. There was a slight decrease in the number of persons concerned. The number of persons discharged was 9 against 6 in the previous year, whereas the number of persons convicted was 12 against 20 in the previous year.

45. *Maintenance.*—The number of applications filed for maintenance was 6 against 5 in the previous year. Orders were passed against defendants in 3 cases. Three applications were rejected, as sufficient grounds were not shown for the interference of the Magistrate, as against five in the previous year.

46. *Forfeiture of bonds.*—It is satisfactory to note that the Magistrates took prompt steps under Chapter XLII of the Criminal Procedure Code. During the year under report, the number of persons, whose bail bonds and recognizances were ordered to be forfeited, was 27. The following table shows the result of cases dealt with under Chapter XLII, Criminal Procedure Code, during the past five years:—

	No of cases disposed of	No of persons discharged	No. of persons convicted
1890	13	4	9
1891	3	..	3
1892	1	..	1
1893		..	..
1894	27	..	27

47. The following is a statement showing the number of cases disposed of under the Breach of Contract Act No. XIII of 1859 by the several courts in the Province of Coorg during the year under report:—

	Names of Magistrates.	Ordered to return to work or repay the advance.		Sentenced to imprisonment.		Discharged or acquitted.		Total.	
		Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
	1	2		3		4		5	
1	Brooke C. Leggatt Esq., District Magistrate of Coorg.	4	4	12	12	137	170	153	186
2	M. Belliappa Esq., 2nd Assistant Commissioner „	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
3	Mr. K. Nanjappa, B. A., B. L., Munsiff of Mercara....	4	4	...	...	10	21	14	25
4	„ M. Gopala Row, B. A., B. L., Munsiff of Verajendrapet	2	2	...	...	9	10	11	12
5	„ P. Iyanna, Subedar of Mercara Taluk ...	21	33	9	9	163	203	193	245
6	„ G. A. Ramaswamy Iyengar, Subedar of Padinalknad Taluk	13	19	...	...	34	52	47	71
7	„ A. Mandanna, Subedar of Yedenalknad Taluk...	56	74	9	9	212	271	277	354
8	„ M. Mahomed Hussein, Subedar of Kiggotnad Taluk	13	20	...	...	68	136	81	156
9	„ K. Kootiah, Subedar of Nanjarajapatna Taluk ...	12	13	3	3	43	49	58	65
10	„ N. Rambhadriah, Subedar of Yelusavirashime Taluk	7	9	...	...	4	4	11	13
	Total.....	133	179	33	33	680	916	846	1128

48. The total number of persons brought to trial during the year under report was 1,128 as against 858 in the previous year. The number of persons acquitted was 916, as against 617 in the previous year. 179 persons were ordered to perform work or to repay advances, against 212 in the previous year. The number of persons who were sentenced to imprisonment for failing to comply with the Magistrates orders, rose from 29 in 1893 to 33 in 1894. As remarked in the previous year's report, the high percentage of acquittals is chiefly due to the withdrawal of the majority of complaints instituted under this head.

49. The following table compares the number of cases instituted and disposed of, under Act XIII of 1859 during the past five years:—

Year.	Cases instituted.	Cases disposed of.
1890	1,361	860
1891	1,153	807
1892	888	565
1893	1,073	634
1894	1,777	846

50. The following statement shows the general result of criminal trials in the several courts of the Magistrates in the Province of Coorg for the year 1894.

	Name and class of Magistrate and locality of his court.	Pending at the end of last year.		Brought to trial.		Total.		Brought to trial. Under arrest by Police.		Brought to trial. Upon warrant.		Brought to trial. On summons.		Received by transfer or for higher punishment.		Total.		Discharged or acquitted.		Convicted. Summarily.		Convicted. Regularly.		Referred or sent up for higher punishment.		Committed.		Died, escaped and transferred to other province		Pending.		Average duration of cases.	Remarks.
		Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
	1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17	18
1	K. Carriapa, Parpattigar and 3rd class Magistrate, Merkaranad ...	...	...	114	166	114	166	23	35	48	65	40	59	3	7	114	166	53	79	...	...	41	50	15	28	..	...	1	1	4	8	7	
2	Do do Murnad ...	4	5	54	93	58	98	15	26	20	29	23	43	...	...	58	98	35	63	...	..	18	23	5	12	..	...	...	...	..	..	12	
3	K. Moodia do Padinalknad ...	10	19	63	127	73	146	7	17	40	67	24	54	2	8	73	146	64	130	...	...	7	11	.	...	..	..	..	..	2	5	24	
4	K. Joyapa do Thavnad ...	4	6	22	38	26	44	1	4	10	13	15	27	...	...	26	44	21	36	...	...	5	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	15	
5	B. Belliappa do Yedenalknad ...	2	2	224	421	226	423	32	67	135	249	58	103	1	4	226	423	172	326	...	...	35	54	11	26	..	..	1	1	7	16	11	
6	C. Somiah do Ammattinad ...	4	7	51	94	55	101	17	27	32	61	6	13	...	..	55	101	29	61	...	...	12	17	9	14	..	..	...	...	5	9	16	
7	M. Madapa do Hatgatnad ...	5	13	35	74	40	87	5	24	28	44	6	16	1	3	40	87	30	49	...	...	4	10	3	23	..	..	..	..	3	5	14	
8	I. Kushalapa do Betiethnad ...	...	...	78	126	78	126	11	21	40	64	27	41	...	...	78	126	60	100	...	...	8	9	4	6	...	..	...	...	6	11	12	
9	C. Moniah do Moodigerinad ...	1	1	37	65	38	66	9	10	12	20	17	36	...	...	38	66	29	50	...	...	6	11	.	...	..	...	1	1	2	4	14	
10	M. Apachoo do Yedavanad ..	6	8	52	101	58	109	7	20	18	34	33	55	...	...	58	109	38	67	...	...	5	14	13	26	...	..	.	..	2	2	18	
11	H. Kalappa do Belahada Hobli...	..	...	29	46	29	46	6	8	10	14	13	24	...	...	29	46	15	25	...	...	7	10	.	...	..	.	..	...	7	11	6	
12	Abdul Rahim do Nanjarajapatna...	...	...	95	210	95	210	10	30	68	125	17	55	..	...	95	210	71	141	...	...	13	35	1	11	..	..	..	1	10	22	11	
	Total.....	36	61	854	1,561	890	1,622	143	289	461	785	279	526	7	22	890	1,622	617	1,127	.	...	161	252	61	146	..	...	3	4	48	93	12·6	
1	Mr. K. Nanjappa, Munsiff and 2nd class Magistrate, Merkara	2	3	86	118	88	121	25	32	26	37	35	47	2	5	88	121	44	67	..	...	35	41	7	10	.	..			2	3	6	
2	,, M. Gopal Row do Virajpet ...	2	2	55	99	57	101	9	19	11	12	33	63	4	7	57	101	35	73	.	...	13	15	5	8	1	1	1	1	2	3	16	
3	,, P. Iyanna, Subedar and 2nd class Magistrate, Merkara taluk	3	6	348	477	351	483	49	60	180	243	96	145	26	35	351	483	263	356	..	...	60	80	9	12	.	...	5	5	14	30	9	
4	G.A.Ramaswamy Iyengar do Padinalknad taluk	12	22	164	346	176	368	28	73	96	195	50	89	2	11	176	368	125	279	...	...	43	69	3	6	..	.	1	1	4	13	15	
5	A. Mandana do Yedenalknad do	8	15	544	866	552	881	77	125	338	508	114	186	23	62	552	881	397	645	...	...	138	182	6	31	...	...	5	5	6	18	6	
6	M. Mahommed Hussain do Kiggatnad do	14	27	244	423	258	450	28	39	160	290	61	93	9	28	258	450	197	328	...	...	44	78	1	3	...	...	3	4	13	37	6	
7	K. Cootia do Nanjarajpatna do	5	6	192	329	197	335	29	49	100	160	46	70	22	56	197	335	140	238	...	...	48	70	5	13	...	...	...	1	4	13	15	
8	N. Rambhadria do Yelsavirshime do	5	9	136	260	141	269	17	38	35	54	89	177	...	...	141	269	92	176	...	...	38	66	11	26	...	...	...	1	...	...	16	
	Total.....	51	90	1,769	2,918	1,820	3,008	262	435	946	1,499	524	870	88	204	1,820	3,008	1,293	2,162	...	...	419	601	47	109	1	1	15	18	45	117	98	
1	M. Belliappa, Esq., 2nd Assistant Commissioner and 1st class Magistrate	8	18	56	118	64	136	6	18	29	46	19	44	10	28	64	136	39	97	..	...	22	33	1	1	2	5	...	..	..	...	17	
2	Brooke C. Leggatt, Esq., District Magistrate...	12	42	298	515	310	557	53	160	204	287	34	74	19	36	310	557	219	369	4	12	60	122	15	34	1	1	...	..	11	19	12	
3	G. F. Meiklejohn, Esq., Sessions Judge, Coorg.	...	..	4	7	4	7	.	...	..	...	..	...	4	7	4	7	1	4	.	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	46	
	Total.....	20	60	358	640	378	700	59	178	233	333	53	118	33	71	378	700	259	470	4	12	85	158	16	35	3	6	...	...	11	19	13·4	
	Grand Total	107	211	2,981	5,119	3,088	5,330	464	902	1,640	2,617	856	1,514	128	297	3,088	5,330	2,169	3,759	4	12	665	1,011	124	290	4	7	18	22	104	229	11	

51. The number of persons brought to trial during the past five years is shown below :—

1890	4,904
1891	4,686
1892	4,393
1893	5,252
1894	5,330

52. The number of persons brought under arrest by the police was 902, as against 926 in 1893. There was thus a slight decrease under this head.

53. There was a marked increase in the number of persons who appeared on warrants issued by the Magistrates. The following table shows the number of persons who thus appeared during the past five years :—

1890	2,004
1891	2,043
1892	1,840
1893	2,384
1894	2,617

54. The number of persons who appeared in obedience to summonses issued by the Magistrates, fell from 1,649 in 1893 to 1,511 during the year under report.

55. There was a slight increase in the number of persons transferred or committed, the number being 297 against 293 in the previous year.

56. The number of cases brought to trial during the past five years is shown below :—

Years.	Pending at the close of the previous year.	Brought to trial during the year.	Total.
1890	110	2,706	2,816
1891	75	2,666	2,741
1892	101	2,412	2,513
1893	114	2,737	2,851
1894	107	2,981	3,088

57. The subjoined statement shows the result of trials during the past five years in the province of Coorg :—

Persons.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Discharged or acquitted	3,387	3,274	2,958	3,755	3,759
Convicted summarily	7	11	31	19	12
Do regularly	1,129	1,009	946	952	1,011
Referred or sent up for higher punishment ...	203	171	216	293	297
Died or escaped	10	16	22	22	22
Pending trial at the end of the year	168	205	220	211	229
Total.....	4,904	4,686	4,393	5,252	5,330

58. The large number of discharges or acquittals was chiefly due to permission having been granted to the complainants to withdraw or compromise their cases under sections 248 and 345 of the Criminal Procedure Code, as well as to the accused being acquitted or discharged for non-appearance of the complainants, under sections 247 and 259 respectively of the said Code. If such acquittals or discharges are eliminated, the number of persons who were released after trial would be 1,640 only.

59. The following statement compares the amount of work performed by the several classes of Magistrates in the Province of Coorg during the past five years :—

Class of Magistrates.	Number of cases disposed of in				
	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Magistrates of III class	919	766	679	813	842
Do II do	1,595	1,610	1,459	1,667	1,775
Do I do	68	96	53	57	64
District Magistrate	135	144	205	203	299
Sessions Judge	24	24	3	4	4
Total.....	2,741	2,640	2,399	2,744	2,984

60. During the year under report the Magistrates of the third class disposed of 842 cases, or an average of 70 cases each.

61. The 2nd class Magistrates disposed of 1,775 cases in all during 1894, or an average of 222 cases each.

62. The 2nd Assistant Commissioner and 1st Class Magistrate of Coorg disposed of 64 cases as against 57 in the previous year.

63. The number of cases disposed of by the District Magistrate of Coorg, was 299 as against 203 in the previous year. It will be noticed that the number of cases decided by him during the year under report was more than double the number of cases disposed of by him in 1890.

64. The Sessions Judge disposed of 4 cases as against the same number in the previous year.

65. The number of cases decided by all the Magistrates and the Sessions Judge during the year under review was 2,984 as against 2,744 in the previous year.

66. The following statement shows the number of cases and persons pending at the end of each year during the past five years :—

Year.	Cases.	Persons.
1890	75	168
1891	101	205
1892	114	220
1893	107	211
1894	104	229

67. At the end of the year under report there were 48 cases involving 93 persons pending before the 3rd Class Magistrates, and 45 cases of 117 persons before the 2nd Class Magistrates. The remaining cases, *viz.* 11 cases of 19 persons were pending disposal before the District Magistrate of Coorg as against 12 cases of 42 persons at the end of the previous year.

68. The average duration of criminal trials stood as follows :—

Class of Magistrates.	1893.	1894.
Magistrates of III class	14·2	12·6
Do of II do	10·9	9·8
Do of I do	23	17
District Magistrate of Coorg	18	12
Sessions Judge do	10	46

69. It is satisfactory to note that there was a marked decrease in the average duration of the criminal trials before the Magistrates.

70. The average duration of criminal trials in the Courts of all the Magistrates and the Sessions Judge, was 11 as against 12·8 in 1893 and 12·5 in 1892.

71. The following statement shows the detention of witnesses examined in the several Courts of the Province, and the amount paid for their expenses during the year 1894 :—

No.	Name and class of Magistrates and locality of each court.	Number discharged after attendance of					Amount granted for witnesses as their expenses.	
		1 day.	2 days.	3 days.	4 days.	More than 4 days.		
1	K. Karriappa, Parpattigar and 3rd class Magistrate of Merkara-Kaggodlunad ...	161	...					
2	K. Karriappa do Murnad ...	213	28					
3	K. Moodiah do Padinalknad ...	261	...					
4	K. Joyappa do Thavnad ...	65	...					
5	B. Belliapa do Yedenalknad ...	311	...					
6	C. Somiah do Ammattinad ...	77	...					
7	M. Madappa do Hutgutnad ...	100	...					
8	I. Kushalapa do Betiethnad ...	130	...					
9	C. Monnia do Moodigerinad ...	29	...					
10	M. Apachoo do Yedavanad ...	212	15					
11	H. Kallappa do Bilahada Hobli ...	35	10					
12	Abdul Rahim do Nunjrajpatna „ ...	311	10					
	Total.....	1,905	63					
1	Mr. K. P. Nanjapa, Munsiff and 2nd class Magistrate of Merkara ...	188	...					
2	„ M. Gopal Rao do Virajendrapet ...	166	4					
3	„ P. Iyannah, Subedar and 2nd class Magistrate of Merkara Taluk...	470	...					
4	„ G. A. Ramaswamy Iyengar do Padinalknad „ ...	383	122	8				
5	„ A. Mandanna do Yedenalknad „ ...	714	8					
6	„ M. Mohammed Hussen do Kiggatnad „ ...	315	...					
7	„ K. Cootiah do Nanjrajpatna „ ...	776	22					
8	„ N. Rambhadriah do Yelusavirashime „ ...	491	3					
	Total.....	3,503	159	8				
1	M. Belliappa Esq., 2nd Assistant Commissioner and 1st class Magistrate of Coorg	341	26	3	1	6	89	9
2	Brooke C. Leggatt Esq., District Magistrate of Coorg ...	251	23	11	2	16	119	12
3	G. F. Meiklejohn Esq., Sessions Judge of Coorg ...	26	...	...	...	8	62	8
	Total.....	618	49	14	3	30	271	13
	Grand Total.....	6,026	271	22	3	30	271	13

72. The following table compares the number of witnesses examined by the several Courts during the past five years :—

1890	5,750
1891	6,658
1892	5,658
1893	6,230
1894	6,352

73. Among the 3rd Class Magistrates the Parpattigar of Nanjarajapatna Hobli examined the largest number of witnesses. The Subedar of Nanjarajapatna taluk examined the largest number of witnesses among the 2nd Class Magistrates.

74. The amount of batta paid to witnesses during the past five years is shown below :—

Year.	Amount.		
1890	610	9	0
1891	386	9	4
1892	135	15	0
1893	237	5	4
1894	271	13	0

75. The following statement shows the punishments inflicted by the several Courts in the province of Coorg during the year under report:—

Name and class of Magistrate and locality of his court.	Death.	Transportation.	Persons sentenced to Imprisonment. Rigorous. With solitary confinement.	Imprisonment. Rigorous. Without solitary confinement.	Imprisonment. Simple.	Fines. With imprisonment.	Fines. Without imprisonment.	Whipping. In addition to other punishment.	Whipping. In lieu of other punishment.	Amount of fines imposed.	Amount of fines realized.	Compensation. Ordered.	Compensation. Paid.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1 K. Kariapa, Parpattigar and 3rd class Magistrate, Merkaranad ...	...	...	...	3	...	...	47	...	...	197 8 0	194 8 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	
2 Do do Murnad ...	...	..	...	5	4	4	14	...	...	80 8 0	80 8 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	
3 K. Mooda do Padinalknad ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	11	...	...	75 7 9	75 7 9	... ...	... ...	
4 K. Jovappa do Thavnad ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	7	...	...	80 0 0	80 0 0	... .	... ...	
5 B. Belliappa do Yedenalknad ...	...	...	...	5	...	3	49	...	...	171 10 0	171 8 6	1 10 0	1 10 0	
6 C. Somiah do Ammattinad ...	...	...	...	1	3	...	13	...	...	74 0 0	74 0 0	26 0 0	9 12 0	
7 M. Madappa do Hatgatnad ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	9	...	...	45 0 0	45 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
8 I. Kushalappa do Bettiethnad ...	...	...	...	3	4	3	2	...	...	69 4 0	69 4 0	40 0 0	.. ..	
9 C. Monnia do Moodigerinad ...	...	..	...	2	1	2	8	...	...	19 0 0	19 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	
10 M. Apachoo do Yedavanad ..	..	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	92 0 0	92 0 0	13 0 0	13 0 0	
11 H. Kalappa do Bilahada Hobli .	...	.	..	1	...	..	9	..	..	26 0 0	26 0 0	.. ..	... ...	
12 Abdul Rahim do Nanjrajpatna ,, ..	..	...		5	2	...	28	...	.	72 0 0	72 0 0	5 0 0	... ...	
Total....	...	...	...	27	14	14	211	...	...	1,002 5 9	999 4 3	117 9 0	55 14 0	
1 Mr. K. P. Nanjappa Munsiff and 2nd class Magistrate, Merkara ...	...	...	...	6	4	9	24	...	3	413 7 0	368 4 0	140 0 0	10 0 0	4 Persons ordered to return to work or repay advances.
2 ,, M. Gopala Row do Virajpet ...	...	...	...	3	1	2	8	1		281 0 0	316 4 6	131 0 0	154 7 6	2 do do
3 ,, P. Iyanna, Subedar and do Merkara taluk ...	...	..	...	14	...	6	24	...	...	570 0 0	570 0 0	106 0 0	27 0 0	42 do do
4 ,, G. A. Ramaswamy Iyengar do Padinalknad taluk ...	...	..	1	9	15	5	26	...	...	623 8 0	622 13 0	223 7 0	105 6 0	19 do do
5 ,, A. Mandanna do Yedenalknad ,, ...	...	...	...	34	...	17	65	...	...	1,672 0 0	1,508 3 1	372 8 0	295 1 7	83 do do
6 ,, M. Mohamed Husain do Kiggatnad ,, ..	...	...	...	11	1	6	46	...	...	663 8 0	563 8 0	34 0 0	30 0 0	20 do do
7 ,, K. Cootta do Nanjarajpatna ,, ...	...	...	...	5	...	...	49	...	...	256 0 0	262 5 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	16 do do
8 ,, N. Rambhadria do Yelusavirshime ,, ...	...	...	...	8	...	6	49	...	...	1,022 0 0	1,022 0 0	107 4 0	25 8 0	9 do do
Total.....	...	...	1	90	21	51	291	1	3	5,501 7 0	5,233 5 7	1,124 3 0	657 7 1	195 do do
1 M. Belliappa Esq., 2nd Assistant Commissioner and 1st class Magistrate ...	...	...	...	15	1	2	16	...	..	376 0 0	376 0 0	130 1 8	130 1 8	1 do do
2 Brooke C. Leggatt, Esq., District Magistrate of Coorg	...	..	...	72	9	7	23	...	7	1,980 0 0	1,930 0 0	375 0 0	375 0 0	16 do do
3 G. F. Meiklejohn Esq., Sessions Judge of Coorg	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
Total.....	2	1	...	87	10	9	39		7	2,356 0 0	2,306 0 0	505 1 8	505 1 8	17 do do
Grand Total	2	1	1	204	45	74	541	1	10	8,859 12 9	8,538 9 10	1,746 6 8	1,218 6 9	212 do do

76. During the year under report, two persons were sentenced to death as against one person in the previous year. One person was sentenced to transportation against the same number in 1893.

77. There was a large increase in the number of persons who were sentenced to imprisonment in 1894. The following table compares the figures for the last five years.

1890	228
1891	207
1892	214
1893	172
1894	250

78. Out of 250 persons sentenced to imprisonment, one was rigorously imprisoned with solitary confinement, 204 persons were sentenced to rigorous imprisonment without solitary confinement, as against 152 in the previous year. There was also a large increase in the number of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment. The number rose from 20 in 1893 to 45 in the year under report.

79. The number of persons who were sentenced to imprisonment and fines was 74, as against 54 in the previous year. There was also an increase in the number of persons sentenced to pay fines, the number being 541 as against 528 in the previous year.

80. The following table shows the total number of persons sentenced to pay fines during the past five years:—

1890	652
1891	646
1892	551
1893	582
1894	615

81. Only one person was sentenced to whipping in addition to other punishments, as against 2 in the previous year. The number of persons sentenced to whipping in lieu of other punishments, was 10 as against 28 in the previous year. As remarked last year, the punishment of whipping was awarded chiefly in coffee theft cases.

82. Three persons were ordered to furnish security for keeping the peace in 1894.

83. The number of persons who were ordered to pay compensation for bringing frivolous or vexatious complaints was 12 as against 2 in the previous year.

84. During the year under report, the number of persons who were ordered under section 2 of Act XIII of 1859 to perform work agreeably to the terms of their contract, or to repay advances, was 179, as against 212 in the previous year. The number of persons who were sentenced to imprisonment for failing to comply with the Magistrate's orders, rose from 29 in 1893 to 33 in the year under report.

85. The subjoined is a table comparing the details of imprisonment, fine, and whipping, awarded by the Criminal Courts during the past five years:—

Year.	Imprisonment.					Fine.						Whipping.		
	15 days and under.	6 months and under	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under	Above Rs. 1,000	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.
1890	71	135	18	3	1	515	119	15	2	1	...	3	2	...
1891	68	127	9	2	...	478	149	18	...	1	...	...	1	...
1892	70	106	20	17	1	375	156	17	3	...	...	1	9	...
1893	38	98	26	10	...	415	148	12	4	3	...	...	28	2
1894	94	102	23	31	...	454	130	31	...	...	...	1	10	...

86. *Imprisonment.*—There was a marked increase in the number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for 15 days and under, and also for 7 years and under. 102 persons were imprisoned for 6 months and under as against 98 in the previous year. The number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for 2 years and under was 23 against 26 in 1893.

87. *Fine.*—Four hundred and fifty four persons were sentenced to pay fines of Rs. 10 and under, as against 415 in the previous year. The number of persons sentenced to fines of Rs. 59 and under, fell from 148 in 1893 to 130 in 1894. There was a large increase in the number of persons sentenced to pay fines of Rs. 100 and under, the number being 31 in 1894, against 12 in the previous year.

88. *Whipping.*—During the year under report, 11 persons were sentenced to whipping, as against 30 in the previous year, one to receive 10 stripes and under, and the remaining 10 persons to 20 stripes and under.

89. The amount of fines imposed during the year under report was Rs. 8,859—12—9 as against Rs. 11,181—4—0 in 1893. The following table compares the fines imposed during the past five years.

Year.	Amount.		
1890	7,703	8	0
1891	8,081	8	2
1892	8,065	2	3
1893	11,181	4	0
1894	8,859	12	9

90. The amount of fines imposed in the year under report exceeded those of previous years, with the exception of 1893. In that year, in a case of forgery, 3 persons were fined Rs. 1,000 each.

91. Including a sum of Rs. 3,457—5—8 which represents the arrears due on account of fines imposed in the previous years, the total amount for realization was Rs. 12,317—2—5 as against Rs. 14,311—0—4 in the previous year.

92. The total amount of fines realized during the year under review was Rs. 8,538—9—10 which includes a sum of Rs. 1,242—1—6 recovered on account of outstandings of the previous years. In the following statement the amounts of fines realized during the past five years are compared:—

Year.	Amount.		
1890	6,511	12	8
1891	6,223	10	5
1892	7,152	2	7
1893	10,515	14	10
1894	8,538	9	10

93. If the fines recovered in the forgery case above alluded to, be eliminated from the amount realized in 1893, the largest collection of fines would be that made in the year under report.

94. The amount remitted or ordered to be refunded on appeal was Rs. 2,324—8—0 as against Rs. 1,275—7—2 in 1893, and a sum of Rs. 687-4-3, being the arrears of fines imposed prior to the last 6 years, will have to be struck off the demand, as the period fixed for the recovery of the same has elapsed. The outstandings on account of fines at the close of 1894 were Rs. 3,091—4—4 as against Rs. 3,457—5—8.

95. The percentage of recoveries to fines imposed during the year under report was 82, as against 71 in the previous year.

96. Rupees 1,746—6—8 were ordered to be awarded as compensation to aggrieved parties under section 545 of the Criminal Procedure Code, against Rs. 1,863—1—3 in 1893. The amount actually paid to the parties was Rs. 1,218—6—9 as against Rs. 444—12—6 in the previous year.

97. The following statement shows the work performed by the appellate courts in the province of Coorg in 1894:—

Name and class of Magistrates and locality of each court.	Appeals pending from last year.		Appeals received during the year.		Total.		Rejected.		Sentences confirmed.		Sentences reduced or altered.		Sentences reversed.		New trial or further enquiry ordered.		Pending.		Average duration of each appeal.	Remarks.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11	12
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		
Brooke C. Leggatt, Esq, District Magistrate of Coorg	2	4	77	145	79	149	5	11	32	52	12	19	29	66	1	1	...	...	30	
G. F. Meiklejohn Esq, Sessions Judge of Coorg..	...	...	25	51	25	51	1	1	17	31	6	12	6	7	...	...	...	...	10	
Total.....	2	4	102	196	104	200	6	12	49	83	18	31	35	73	1	1	...	...	18	

98. During the year under report 102 appeals involving 196 persons were instituted. The following table shows the number of appeals instituted during the past 5 years:—

Year.	Before the Sessions Judge.		Before the District Magistrate.	
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
1890	8	10	56	108
1891	4	4	73	121
1892	7	8	64	95
1893	13	25	66	91
1894	25	51	77	145

99. Including 2 appeals of 4 persons that were pending in the previous year, there were in all 104 appeal cases involving 200 persons for disposal during the year.

100. Six appeals involving 12 persons were rejected in 1894, as against 3 cases of 4 persons in 1893. The number of appeals in which sentences were confirmed rose from 43 cases of 64 persons in 1893 to 49 cases involving 83 persons in the year under report. There was also an increase in the number of cases in which sentences were reduced or altered. The number rose from 10 cases and 20 persons, to 18 cases and 31 persons in the year under report.

101. The number of cases decided in favor of the appellants also shows an increase. In 35 cases involving 73 persons, the sentences passed by the lower courts were reversed, as against 22 cases of 25 persons in the previous year.

102. During the year under report only one case was ordered to be retired.

103. At the close of the year there were no appeals pending disposal in the appellate courts in Coorg.

104. The following table exhibits the number of appeals disposed of during the past five years :—

Year.	By the Sessions Judge		By the District Magistrate.	
	Cases	Persons	Cases.	Persons.
1890	7	9	61	119
1891	5	5	71	115
1892	7	8	68	104
1893	13	25	65	88
1894	25	51	79	149

105. The following table exhibits the average duration during the past five years :—

1890 ..	23 4 days.
1891	30 73 „
1892	18 4 „
1893	19 „
1894 ..	18 „

106. During the year under report, 53 applications for revision were filed, as against 80 in the previous year. Of these, 34 applications were rejected. In one case the sentence or order was confirmed. The number of cases in which further enquiry was ordered, was 18, as against 19 in the previous year.

107. I inspected the records and registers of the subordinate courts in Coorg and gave necessary instructions to the Magistrates concerned on the errors detected.

108. The usual certificates regarding the arrangement and destruction of old records have been submitted by all the subordinate Magistrates.

109. The following statement shows the result of trial of European British subjects during the year 1894 :—

Description of offences.	Number actually brought to trial.	Persons convicted	Persons acquitted or discharged.	Persons against whom cases were pending.	Total.
Hurt	1	1	...	...	1
Wrongful restraint	1	...	1	...	1
Criminal force and assault	1	...	1	...	1
Extortion	1	...	1	...	1
Criminal mis-appropriation of property ...	1	1	...	...	1
Mischief	2	..	...	2	2
Total.....	7	2	3	2	7

110. During the year under report, 7 persons were brought to trial as against 6 in the previous year. Two were convicted, one for the offence of hurt, and the other for criminal misappropriation of property. Three persons who were accused of the offences of wrongful restraint, assault, and extortion, respectively, were acquitted or discharged. Two cases of mischief were pending at the end of the year.

111. There was a decrease in the number of Second Class Magistrates in Coorg during the latter part of the year under report. On the 1st of October 1894 the post of the Subedar of Yelusavirasime taluk was abolished owing to the amalgamation of the taluk with Nanjarajapatna taluk. The number of Second Class Magistrates was therefore reduced from 8 to 7. In consequence of this change, the Head Quarters of the Subedar Magistrate of the present Nanjarajapatna taluk was removed from Fraserpet to Somarpet, and the Par-

pattigars of Nanjarajapatna and Bilahada Hoblies were invested with 3rd Class magisterial powers. A Parpattigar without any magisterial powers was posted at Murnad.

112. During the year under report Bittianda Kalappa and Kodanda Bopanna Third Class Magistrates, retired from the service.

113. I have compared the work of my court for the past five years both on the original and appellate sides in paragraphs 59 and 104 of this report.

It will be seen that the work has been increasing considerably year by year.

My Sheristedar Mr. Mandana has continued to conduct his responsible duties to my satisfaction.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT.—(CRIMINAL).

1. Statement showing the general result of the trial of European British subjects in the Province of Coorg in the year 1894.

Description of offence.	Number of persons accused and brought before a Magistrate.								Persons whose cases were disposed of																			No. of cases						Subsidiary Table.				
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Within the year.					Died, escaped or transferred to other provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	By District Magistrate and other 1st class Magistrates.							By Courts of Sessions.					By High Court.			Total for all Courts.				Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under section 406 of the Code.	Of those entered in column 5, number who applied under section 2, Act III of 1884, for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under section 526 of the Code for the transfer of their cases.					
		On complaint, section 191 (a) Criminal Procedure Code.	On Police report, section 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate *suo motu*, section 191 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from another province.	Total.			Received by transfer under section 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committed. To Court of Session.	Committed. To High Court.	Transferred by order under section 451 B of the Code.	Total omitting entries in columns 10 and 15.	Received by transfer under section 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under section 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of column 17.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.							Of the total number of persons shown in— Column 16. Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 451 A (1) of the Code.	Column 16. Number who did not so claim.	Column 16. Number of those in column 35(1) whose cases were transferred under section 451 B of the Code.	Column 21. Number who claimed a mixed number of Assessors, section 451, (2) of the Code	Column 21. Number who did not so claim.	Columns 24 and 25. Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 451 (1) of the Code.	Columns 24 and 25. Number who did not so claim.	Of cases shown in column 30. Disposed of by Magistrates. Being European British subjects.	Disposed of by Magistrates. Other than European British subjects.	Disposed of by Sessions Judges. Being European British subjects.	Disposed of by Sessions Judges. Other than European British subjects.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35											36			
Offences against the State, chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code.																																																
Offences relating to the Army and Navy, chapter VII ...																																																
Offences against the public tranquillity, chapter VIII ...																																																
Offences by or relating to public servants, chapter IX ...																																																
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, chapter X ...																																																
False evidence and offences against public justice, chapter XI ...																																																
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps, chapter XII...																																																
Offences relating to weights and measures, chapter XIII ...																																																
Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, chapter XIV.																																																
Offences relating to religion, chapter XV ...																																																
																																		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11				
																																		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...				

Offences affecting the human body, chapter XVI.	Offences affecting life ...																															
	Causing miscarriage; injuries to unborn children; exposure of infants; and the concealment of births																															
	Hurt ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...			
	Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...			
	Criminal force and assault ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...			
	Kidnapping, forceable abduction, slavery and forced labor ...																															
	Rape... ...																															
	Unnatural offence.																															
Offences against property, chapter XVII.	Theft																															
	Extortion ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...			
	Robbery and dacoity... ...																															
	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	..	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...			
	Criminal breach of trust																															
	Receiving of stolen property ...																															
	Cheating ...																															
	Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...																															
	Mischief ...	...	..	..	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2			
	Criminal trespass .																															
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, chapter XVIII																																
Criminal breach of contracts of service, chapter XIX ...																																
Offences relating to marriage, chapter XX																																
Defamation, chapter XXI ...																																
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, chapter XXII ...																																
Offences under special and local laws																																
Cattle Trespass Act																																
Elephants Preservation Act ...																																
Forest Act	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...			
Total.....	...	...	1	7	...	8	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	6	...	6	6	2			

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. I—(Civil and Criminal)

Statement showing the number of judicial divisions and the number of officers exercising appellate or original jurisdiction in the Province of Coorg on the last day of the year 1894, with the cost of tribunals.

Name of province.	Area.	Population.	Number of divisions for Courts under Chief Courts, but Superior to Chief Courts of districts.	Number of districts	Number of sub-districts	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction.					Total number of cases decided.				Total receipts of the Courts.	Total charges of the Courts.	Remarks
						Judges of Chief Court of province.	Judges of other Courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other subordinate Courts.	Original.		Appeals				
											Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Province of Coorg — Territory subject to the High Court — Civil	1,582 square miles.	1,73,055		1	..	1	..	1		13	3,822	1,166	*166	*29	*Rs. 90,567—3—5	*Rs. 75,397—6—8	
Province of Coorg — Territory subject to the High Court — Criminal			1	1	...	1	...	2	...	21	2,838	62	*109	46			
Total ...																	

Grades of judicial officers.		Europeans.	Natives.
Officers exercising both original and appellate jurisdiction.	1 District Magistrate. 1 Sessions Judge. 1 Judicial Commissioner.	3	21
Officers exercising original jurisdiction only.	1 1st class Magistrate. 8 2nd class Magistrates. 12 3rd class Magistrates.		

* Includes the figures of the Judicial Commissioner's Court.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. II.—(Criminal.)

Statement of offences reported and of persons, tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the province of Coorg in the year 1894.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons. Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, or transferred to another province.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Offences againt the State, Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code									
Do relating to the Army and Navy, Chapter VII									
Do against the public tranquillity do VIII	11	9	9	80	52	28	...	...	
Do by or relating to public servants do IX									
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants ... ... do X	15	15	16	19	10	9	...	...	
False evidence and offences against public justice ... ... do XI	43	43	47	59	26	23	...	7	
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps ... ... do XII	4	3	3	13	1	12	...	...	
Do relating to weights and measures do XIII	13	13	13	13	2	10	1	...	1 escaped.
Do affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals do XIV	19	17	17	32	3	29	...	...	
Do relating to religion ... do XV									
Offences affecting human body, Capter XVI. — Offences affecting life ...	7	7	9	11	7	4	...	...	
Causing of miscarriage; injuries to unborn children; exposure of infants; and the concealment of births...	1	1	1	3	3	...	...	...	
Hurt	98	88	94	244	187	39	...	18	
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	48	33	33	64	55	7	...	2	
Criminal force and assault ...	404	385	408	789	658	90	2	39	1 died and 1 escaped.
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labor	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Rape	2	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	
Unnatural offence ...	2	2	2	2	1	1			
Offences against property, Chapter, XVII. — Theft	394	219	228	478	285	155	7	31	3 died and 4 escaped.
Extortion	5	3	3	3	3	...	...	...	
Robbery and dacoity ...	16	14	15	56	33	23	...	...	
Criminal misappropriation of property	12	11	11	15	11	3	1	...	1 escaped.
Criminal breach of trust ...	97	85	97	91	47	32	6	6	1 died and 5 escaped.
Receiving of stolen property.	10	10	13	17	7	8	...	2	
Cheating	13	10	14	22	17	3	1	1	1 escaped.
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...									
Mischief	189	163	168	290	246	25	2	17	1 escaped and 1 died.
Criminal trespass ...	71	51	53	105	89	8	...	8	
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII	7	7	9	11	6	3	1	1	1 escaped.
Criminal breach of contracts of service ... ... do XIX									
Offences relating to marriage ... do XX	17	12	13	23	17	2	...	4	
Defamation ... ... do XXI	5	5	5	10	8	2	...	...	
Criminal intimidation, insult, and annoyance ... ... do XXII	593	579	602	1,070	920	78	...	73	
Offences under Special and Local laws.									
Police Act V of 1861	69	60	69	103	2	99	...	2	
Cattle Trespass Act 1 of 1871	40	37	39	84	69	10	...	5	
Excise Act XXII of 1881	22	22	22	26	7	16	1	2	Died.
Vaccination Act XIII of 1880	13	13	13	21	21	...	...	...	
Coffee Stealing Prevention Act VIII of 1878 ...	23	23	27	39	9	30	...	...	
Forest Act VII of 1878	17	17	17	38	6	20	...	12	
Indian Arms Act	14	13	14	17	8	9	...	...	
Indian Stamp Act	2	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	
Municipal Bye-Laws	11	11	13	17	4	13	...	...	
Gambling Act	2	2	2	11	3	8	...	...	
Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859	1,777	846	846	1,128	916	212	...	...	
Proceedings under Chapter VIII security for good behaviour	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Do do keep the peace ...	7	7	7	18	15	3	...	...	
Possession Chapter XII C. P. Code	2	2	2	5	1	4	...	...	
Total.....	4,098	2,853	2,960	5,033	3,759	1,023	22	229	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No.III.—(Criminal).

Statement of miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Province of Coorg during the year 1894.

Nature of Proceedings.	Total number of cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6
1 Proceedings against witnesses under chapter VI C and section 485 ..	4	4	...	4	
2 Proceedings under chapter VIII to prevent breach of the peace ..	7	18	15	3	
3 Proceedings under chapter VIII security for good behaviour .	1	1	1	..	
4 Proceedings against local nuisances, chapter X .					
5 Possession, chapter XII .	2	5	1	4	
6 Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under chapter XX, section 250	15	21	9	12	
7 Non-attendance of jurors or assessors, chapter XXIII, section 332 ..					
8 Contempts of Court under chapter XXXV . ..					
9 Maintenance, chapter XXXIV . .	6	6	3	3	
10 Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under chapter XLII .	27	27	.	27	651—12—3.
Total . .	62	82	29	53	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. IV. (Criminal).

Statement showing the general result of criminal trials in the tribunals of various classes in the Province of Coorg in the year 1894.

Class of Courts	Total number of persons under trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of.					Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped or transferred to another province.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted. On regular trial.	Convicted. On summary trial.	Committed or referred.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Sessions Court	7	.	4	3	.	.	.	4	46	34	
District Magistrate's Court	557	34	369	122	12	1	19	283	13	303	
Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly	4,766	278	3,386	886		6	210	2,557	11 4	6,015	
Total .	5,330	312	3,759	1,011	12	7	229	2,838	11 6	6,352	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. V.—(CRIMINAL.)

Statement showing the punishments inflicted by the various criminal tribunals in the Province of Coorg in the year 1894.

Class of Tribunal.	Persons sentenced to								Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or securities for good behaviour	Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.	Detail of punishment.																Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a reformatory school.
				Imprisonment.							Fined.									Imprisonment.					Whipped.		
	Death.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.			Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Total amount of fines imposed during the year.	Total amount of fines realized during the year.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Court of Sessions ..	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Magistrate's Court.	...	...	..	72	9	...	30	7	7	...	17	9	4	...	...	...	1,980 0 0	1,930 0 0	375 0 0	14	14	22	31	...	1	6	...	
Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly... ..	...	...	...	134	36	...	585	4	...	...	437	121	27	...	...	...	6,879 12 9	6,608 9 10	843 6 9	80	88	1	...	...	...	4	...	
Total.....	2	1	...	206	45	...	615	11	7	...	454	130	31	...	...	...	8,859 12 9	8,538 9 10	1218 6 9	94	102	23	31	...	1	10	...	

JUDICIAL—STATEMENT No. V A.—(Criminal.)

Statement showing the particulars of whippings inflicted by the criminal tribunals during 1894.

Part I.

Showing whippings inflicted under sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864, in lieu of other punishments.

Offence for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.												Total.
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		
	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
In lieu of other punishments (sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864.)													
1. Theft as defined in Section 378 I. P. C.													
do 379 do	...	...	...	...	2	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	8
do 380 do	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
do 381 do	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
do 382 do													
2. Extortion as defined in do 388 do													
do 389 do													
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property as defined in— do 411 do													
do 412 do													
4. Lurking house-trespass as defined in— do 443 do													
5. Do by night as defined in— do 444 do													
6 House-breaking as defined in— do 445 do													
7. Do by night as defined in— do 446 do													
8. Offence under section 14, Act III of 1880.													
Mischief, section 428 I. P. Code ...													
Total.....	...	...	1	...	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	10

Part II.

Showing whippings inflicted in addition to other punishments, sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864.

Offence for which awarded.	Number of stripes. 5 and under.	6 to 10.	11 to 15.	16 to 20.	21 to 25.	26 to 30.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
In addition to other punishments (sections 3 and 4.)							
A.—Section 3.							
1. Theft as defined in (Section 378 I. P. C.; do 379 do; do 380 do; do 381 do; do 382 do)	...		...	1		...	1
2. Extortion as defined in (do 388 do; do 389 do)							
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in (do 411 do; do 412 do)							
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in do 443 do							
5. Do by night as defined in do 444 do							
6. House-breaking as defined in do 445 do							
7. Do by night as defined in do 446 do							
8. Offence under section 14, Act III, 1880							
B.—Section 4.							
1. False evidence as defined in (Section 193 I. P. C.; do 194 do; do 195 do)							
2. False charge of unnatural offence as defined in (do 211 do and do 377 do)							
3. Assault as defined in do 354 do							
4. Rape, as defined in do 375 do							
5. Unnatural offence as defined in do 377 do							
6. Robbery as defined in do 390 do							
7. Dacoity as defined in do 391 do							
8. Attempt at robbery as defined in do 393 do							
9. Hurt in committing robbery as defined in do 394 do							
10. Receiving stolen property as defined in do 413 do							
11. Forgery as defined in (do 463 do; do 466 do; do 467 do; do 468 do; do 469 do)							
12. Lurking house-trespass as defined in do 443 do							
13. Do by night as defined in do 444 do							
14. House-breaking as defined in do 445 do							
15. Do by night as defined in do 446 do							
Total		...		1	...		1

Part III.

Showing whippings inflicted under section 5, Act VI, 1864, on juveniles, for offences other than those specified in Parts I and II.

Offence.	Stripes. 5 and under. 1st conviction.	5 and under. Subsequent conviction.	6 to 10. 1st conviction.	6 to 10. Subsequent conviction.	11 to 15. 1st conviction.	11 to 15. Subsequent conviction.	16 to 20. 1st conviction.	16 to 20. Subsequent conviction.	21 to 25. 1st conviction.	21 to 25. Subsequent conviction.	26 to 30. 1st conviction.	26 to 30. Subsequent conviction.	Total.
Section 193 I. P. C.													
,, 249 do													
,, 323 do													
,, 324 do													
,, 325 do													
,, 352 do													
,, 354 do and Section 5, Act VI of 1864.													
,, 376 I. P. C.													
,, 377 do													
,, 379 &c. do													
,, 471 do													
,, 431 do													
,, 448 do													
,, 451 do													
Sections 456 and 511 I. P. C.													
Railway Act IV of 1879.													
Total													

Part IV.

Showing relative number of times whipping was awarded, as compared with other punishments.

Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3
Total number of whippings awarded	11	
Total number of other punishments	1,088	
Percentage of whipping	·10	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. VI.—(Criminal).

Statement showing the result of appeal and revision in criminal cases in the province of Coorg, in the year 1894.

Tribunals.	Number of persons.											Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision before the Courts.	Died, escaped, transferred to another province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
APPEALS.													
To Chief Magistrates of Districts	149	...	11	52	...	19	66	...	1	...	...	30	
,, Court of Sessions	51	...	1	31	...	12	7	...	...	..	..	10	
,, Judicial Commissioner's Court. By persons convicted ...	6	...	*1	3	...	1	.	...	...	...	1	12	* Withdrawn.
,, Judicial Commissioner's Court. By Government from judgment of acquittal ...		...			...	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	
Total	206		13	86	...	32	73	..	1	..	1		
REVISION.													
By Chief Magistrates of Districts	16	...	18	.	...	.	...	...	18	...	...	12	18 complainants on whose behalf applications for revision were made.
,, Court of Sessions	17	...	16	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	
,, Judicial Commissioner's Court. ..	16	...	13	.	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Total ..	49	...	47	1	2	...	...	...	18	...	1		
Grand total	255	.	60	87	2	32	73	...	19	...	2		

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. XIII.—(Criminal).

Statement showing the use of juries and assessors in the Criminal Courts in the Province of Coorg in the year 1894.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed.		Established or average number of jury or assessors in each case and prescribed qualifications.	Number of accused persons in jury trials.				Number of accused persons in trials with Assessors.				Remarks.
			Tried.	As to whom the Judge			Tried.	As to whom the Judge			
				Approved verdict.	Did not approve of verdict.	Made reference under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code.		Agreed with all the Assessors.	Differed from one or more but not from all the Assessors.	Differed from all the Assessors.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Magistrates' Courts under chapter X, C. P. C.	Jurors										
Courts of Session	Jurors / Assessors	3	...				6	6	..		
High Court, Original (Criminal) Jurisdiction	Jurors										
	Total	3	..	..			6	6			

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